

SHIRE OF CUE ANNUAL REPORT

2023 - 2024



TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 3. | 4. | 6. | 8. |
| Introduction | President's Report | CEO's Report | Elected Members |
| <hr/> | | | |
| 9. | 11. | 12. | 13. |
| Governance and Reporting | Economic Strategies | Leadership Strategies | Social Strategies |
| <hr/> | | | |
| 15. | 17. | 20. | |
| Environment Strategies | Financial Summary | Financial Statements | |

INTRODUCTION

The Shire of Cue is proud to present its Annual Report for the financial year ending 30 June 2024. The report outlines our financial and operational performance for the year against the key projects, goals, and priorities of our strategic plans and documents.

VALUES

ACCOUNTABILITY

We will ensure continued compliance with our statutory obligations

HERITAGE

We recognise our shared responsibility as custodians of the district's rich and diverse European and Indigenous heritage

COMMUNITY

We will invite community participation in the development of our town and Shire

SUSTAINABILITY

We will work towards ensuring that our plans and actions contribute towards the long term sustainability of the Shire of Cue



PRESIDENT'S REPORT



It gives me pleasure to present my first Annual Report as President of the Shire of Cue.

Shire President Ross Pigdon chaired his final Council meeting on 17 October 2023 before stepping down from both the role and the Council. A dinner was held afterward to express gratitude for Ross's dedication to the community over the past eight years.

At a Special Meeting on 24 October 2023, new Councillor Neil Montgomery was sworn in, alongside returning Councillors Ron Hogben, Leonie Fitzpatrick and myself. I was then elected as the new Shire President. Following the Shire of Cue's extraordinary election on 21 June 2024, we welcome Ross Pigdon as our 7th Councillor. Cr Pigdon's term will run until October 2027.

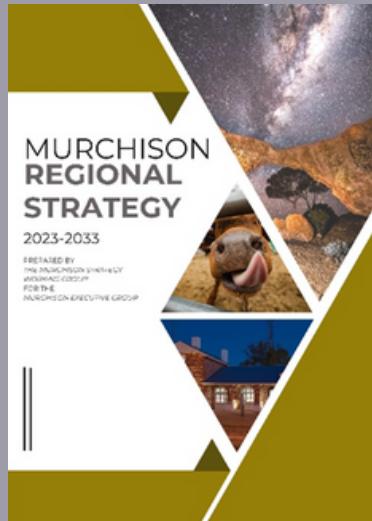
This year I had the pleasure of accompanying four Councillors and the CEO to Canberra to represent the Shire of Cue at the Australian Local Government Association (ALGA) convention. It is essential for the Council to advocate for the region's needs and priorities directly with those who make key decisions.

Town planning remains a key priority on the Council's agenda, with numerous submissions thoroughly reviewed and considered. This commitment ensures the Council is actively addressing community needs while strategically planning for future development.



The Council approved plans to restore the Masonic Lodge, a significant step in preserving the community's historical and cultural heritage. This restoration project will revitalise the Lodge, ensuring it remains a cherished landmark and a symbol of the town's rich history.

At a regional level, The Murchison Country Zone of WALGA provided endorsement of the Murchison Regional Strategy, a document developed through the collaborative efforts of the Murchison Executive Group, the Mid-West Development Commission, and Regional Development Australia. This Strategy provides a clear roadmap for the sustainable growth and development of the Murchison Region over the next decade and beyond. It addresses key economic, environmental, and social challenges, offering strategic guidance to participating Councils. By promoting collaboration with Local, State, and Federal Government resources, the Strategy aims to achieve meaningful outcomes that will secure a prosperous future for the region.





The Water Corporation has commissioned a new water treatment plant in Cue to meet the town's potable water needs. As a result, Cue was awarded the title of having the Best Tasting Tap Water in WA. The Water Corporation's Cue treatment plant proudly received the prestigious 2023 IXOM Best Tasting Tap Water award.

I was fortunate to attend the 'Mining Industry and Shire Relationships in the Western Australian Murchison region' meeting alongside CEO Richard Towell. The primary focus of the meeting was to bring together representatives from the mining sector and local governments. Stakeholders impacted by mining activities in the region gathered to discuss strategies for aligning the business interests of miners with the activities of local government, ensuring a collaborative and harmonious approach moving forward.

I had the honour of attending the black-tie world premiere of the movie Before Dawn held at Reading Cinemas in Belmont with 1,500 attendees. The film is a WA made World War 1 drama by Jordan Prince-Wright with some of the filming undertaken at Coodardy Station and sponsorship funding provided by the Shire of Cue



I would like to extend my sincere thanks to Chief Executive Officer Richard Towell, Deputy CEO Glenn Boyes, Works Manager John Curtin, and the team for organising training sessions for both Councillors and staff. Their dedication has played a crucial role in promoting best practices and building confidence among the Shire of Cue employees, ensuring a highly skilled and capable workforce.

Les Price
Shire President

CEO'S REPORT



The focus for 2023-2024 was on completing long standing projects. This period was dedicated to addressing and finalising tasks that had been pending for an extended time. Stone masonry works have now been completed on the Old Gaol, Old Municipal Chambers, Railway Station and the Western Australian Bank building. The ruins of the Cue Hospital Incinerator were also rebuilt as a testimony to history of the site.



Thanks to the dedication of our staff, the Office of the Auditor General has once again recognised the Shire of Cue as one of the top 20 best practice entities for the 2022-2023 audit. This marks our second consecutive year achieving this distinction. I commend our team for their hard work and commitment to excellence, which has set a high standard for our community and demonstrated consistent performance and dedication. I am also pleased to announce there were no issues raised in the 2023-2024 audit.

The Shire of Cue is advancing its town planning efforts by expanding the industrial area and undertaking a scheme review to simplify zoning within the townsite. These developments aim to support local industry growth, enhance operational efficiency, and strengthen the town's infrastructure to meet future needs.

We have continued to enhance the Cue Tourist Park with significant upgrades, including the introduction of an online booking portal. This modernised system has streamlined the reservation process, with most bookings now being made online, improving convenience for visitors and boosting operational efficiency.

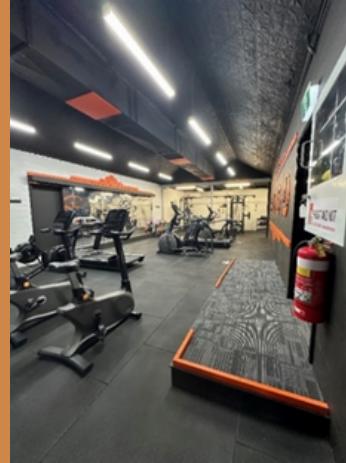
Over the past 12 months, we have transitioned our administrative processes to digital platforms, including records management and the use of a portal for Council meetings with electronic voting. These advancements have streamlined workflows, enabling us to focus more effectively on delivering better outcomes.

The Shire began opening several heritage buildings for public viewing seven days a week during the tourist season and by request during the off-season. This initiative allows residents and visitors to explore these historical landmarks, fostering a deeper appreciation of the town's rich heritage. By increasing accessibility, the Shire is promoting cultural tourism and strengthening connections to the community's history.

The completion of four staff housing units has greatly enhanced available accommodation, making Cue a more appealing place for employees to live and work. Additionally, a dedicated maintenance program for existing staff housing has commenced to ensure quality living conditions.

The Cuerosity Shoppe has successfully relocated to the Murchison Traders building at 59 Austin St. Thanks to the efforts of the Senior Citizens group and volunteers from the Cue Tourist Park, the premises were thoroughly cleaned, and the stock was moved. The shop is now open to the public once again. The Shire will continue to engage proactively with owners of vacant premises on the main street to ensure these spaces are effectively utilised.

The Shire has transformed an unused shop on Austin Street into a vibrant community gymnasium. This new facility provides residents with a dedicated space for fitness



The Works Department has recently received several new vehicles to enhance its operations, including a Kubota Track Loader, Kubota Mini Excavator, Ford Ranger Utility, 4 x Isuzu D-Max Utes, and a Yutong 27-seater bus. Additionally, the department also acquired a Freightliner Prime Mover and a 4.5-ton plant trailer, further strengthening its fleet and capacity for efficient service delivery.

The Murchison Junior Football League had its most successful season to date, with excellent turnout from players and strong support from parents, friends, and family. Most games saw around 70 children participating, with players from Burringurrah travelling to Meekatharra to join in. Next season, we are excited to welcome interest from Yulga Jinna, Pia Wadjarri, Burringurrah, and Wiluna to join the league. The League is run and organised by dedicated volunteers from all participating towns, and I would like to extend my heartfelt thanks to them and to the sponsors for their ongoing support of the children in the Murchison region.



A full-scale Aerodrome Emergency exercise was conducted in October 2023, facilitated by Aerodrome Management Services. Local emergency services, including Westgold's Emergency Response Team, participated alongside representatives from National Jet Express and Penjet. We were fortunate to secure the use of a Dash 8 Q400 aircraft to simulate the exercise. A heartfelt thank you to everyone involved for their support and participation.

I want to extend my heartfelt thanks to all the staff for their commitment and support throughout the year. Your hard work has been instrumental to the successes we have achieved, and I look forward to continuing this combined effort in the future.

I would also like to express my appreciation to President Les Price and our Councillors, both past and present, for their dedication and support. Together, we have achieved significant progress, and I look forward to continuing our work to advance the best interests of our community.

Richard Towell
Chief Executive Officer

ELECTED MEMBERS



Cr 1

| | |
|--------------------|---------|
| Council Meetings | 5 |
| Committee Meetings | 3 |
| Allowance | \$3,776 |
| Meeting Fees | \$2,800 |
| Travel | \$158 |
| ICT Allowance | \$1,160 |

45 to 54

2

Cr 3

| | |
|--------------------|---------|
| Council Meetings | 13 |
| Committee Meetings | 8 |
| Meeting Fees | \$4,125 |
| Travel | \$1,762 |
| ICT Allowance | \$3,480 |

55 to 64

1

Cr 5

| | |
|--------------------|---------|
| Council Meetings | 12 |
| Committee Meetings | 2 |
| Meeting Fees | \$3,250 |
| Travel | \$0 |
| ICT Allowance | \$3,480 |

65+

5

Cr 2

| | |
|--------------------|---------|
| Council Meetings | 13 |
| Committee Meetings | 5 |
| Allowance | \$8,496 |
| Meeting Fees | \$5,570 |
| Travel | \$3,622 |
| ICT Allowance | \$3,480 |

Cr 4

| | |
|--------------------|---------|
| Council Meetings | 13 |
| Committee Meetings | 3 |
| Meeting Fees | \$3,625 |
| Travel | \$0 |
| ICT Allowance | \$3,480 |

Cr 7

| | |
|--------------------|---------|
| Council Meetings | 13 |
| Committee Meetings | 6 |
| Meeting Fees | \$4,000 |
| Travel | \$0 |
| ICT Allowance | \$3,480 |

M

5

F

3

Cr 8

| | |
|--------------------|-------|
| Council Meetings | 3 |
| Committee Meetings | 1 |
| Meeting Fees | \$875 |
| Travel | \$0 |
| ICT Allowance | \$870 |

GOVERNANCE AND REPORTING



| Salary Band | No. of Employees |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 140,000 - 150,000 | 2 |
| CEO Remuneration was \$218,131 | |

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION

The Freedom of Information Act 1992 provides the right to access most documents held by the Shire. There were no freedom of information requests made during 2023/24.

NATIONAL COMPETITION POLICY

Council operations in the 2023-2024 financial period did not fall within the requirements of the National Competition Policy.

PUBLIC INTEREST DISCLOSURE

During 2023-2024 there were no complaints against Council Members' that resulted in action under section 5.110(6) of the Local Government Act 1995.

DISABILITY ACCESS AND INCLUSION PLAN

In December 2021 Council adopted the Shire's Disability Access and Inclusion Plan 2022-2027. The purpose of the Plan is to follow a set of standards to ensure people with disability have equal access to the Shire's facilities and services. Currently, we have access to library services and to most buildings. Further, events are held at locations that are accessible to ensure the inclusivity of all people.



Railway Building

The Railway Building is now accessible. The next stage is footpath construction from Wittenoom Street.



Website

WCAG 2.2 compliant
Listen button, player, menu, and pop-up control panel are fully keyboard accessible.

FUTURE ACCESS AND INCLUSION

Access and inclusivity forms part of the planning for new and existing projects. Over the next year our goal is to complete the website, construct additional dual use pathways and provide more access to our existing facilities.

GOVERNANCE AND REPORTING



RECORDKEEPING PLAN

The Shire is committed to consistent and systematic management of our records in accordance with legislative requirements and best practice standards as set by The State Records Commission.

The Shire's Amended Record Keeping Plan was reviewed on 02 May 2023, with its next review date set for May 2028.

This year has seen substantial changes to our records management systems. We have migrated to Altus Content, a digital records management system and had all Shire records scanned, and digital copies made.

The transfer of documents into the new system, along with updated procedures and staff training and inductions will be completed in the 2024/25 period. Once complete it is expected that all staff will be competent in the new system by the beginning of 2025/26.

The next year will see further development of the Shire's digital transformation journey, including the move to a new enterprise management system. This move will once again impact our record keeping requirements, including a review on records training and the updating of policy and procedures.

**20 Metres of Paper
Records were
Digitised in 23/24**



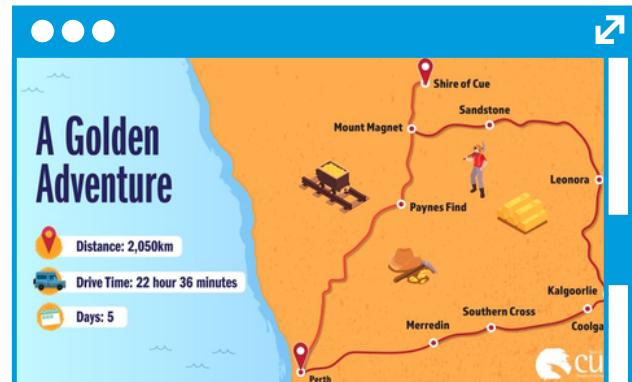
LIBRARY SERVICES

The Library continues to serve the members of the community. With a continued focus on purchasing quality resources to provide a diverse range of stock.

ECONOMIC STRATEGIES

2023/24 Projects

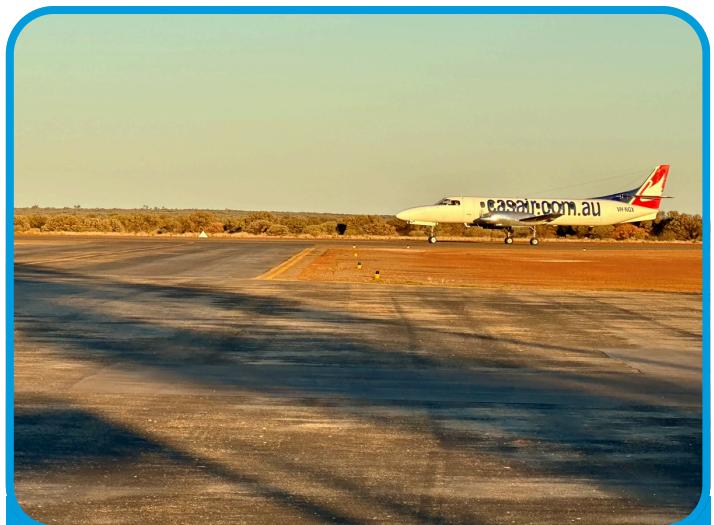
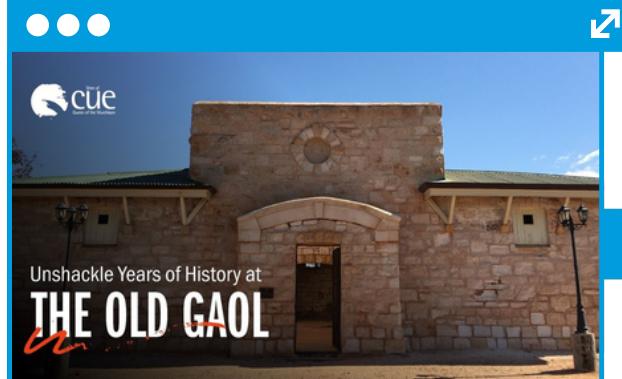
We had many economic achievements during the year, including the construction of 4 new staff units and Airport runway upgrades. We ran a social media tourist campaign as part of our strategy to increase the length tourists stay in town. We continue to work on town planning, with the expansion of our industrial area and simplifying the zoning within the Cue townsite.



A Golden Adventure

- Distance: 2,050km
- Drive Time: 22 hour 36 minutes
- Days: 5

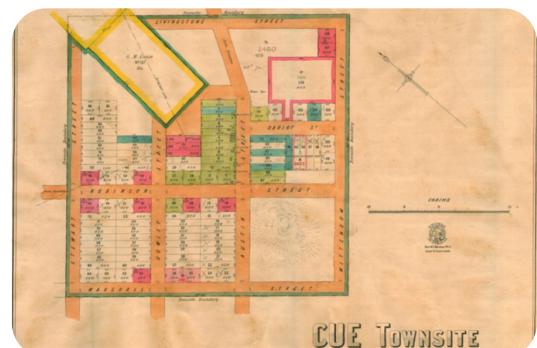
Tourism Promotion



Infrastructure Development

Future Projects

- Continued tourism campaign
- Continued development of Cue Airport
- Upgrade Entry Statements
- Renovate the Historic Cottages
- Opening of the West Australian Bank to the public
- Begin work on Masonic Lodge
- Develop and maintain Cue's main street
- Continue working with business



Map of Cue Townsite 1894

LEADERSHIP STRATEGIES

Attended

Australian Local Government Association (ALGA) Convention

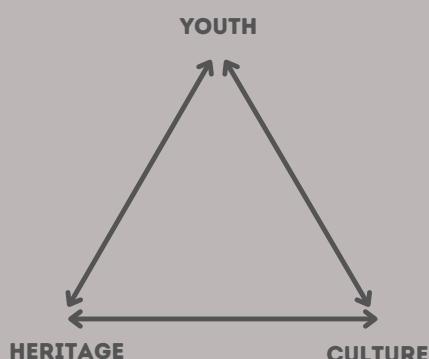
Supported Auskick

Murchison Marlu Junior Football League

Supported St John's Ambulance Cue Sub-centre

Supported RFDS Royal Flying Doctors

Financial Responsibility OAG Best Practice Top 20 List 2022/23



Planning Youth Initiative Masterplan

Future Projects

- Councillor training
- Prepare Risk Policy and Register
- Staff training
- Local Laws review
- Prepare IT policies and registers
- Modernise Business Continuity and Disaster Management Plan



Supported Auskick

Murchison Marlu Junior Football League

Supported RFDS Royal Flying Doctors



SOCIAL STRATEGIES



Christmas Party

2023/24 Projects

The Shire had a busy year again with social activities, including multiple community events, continued our Youth Program and building of the Community Gym, which is set to open in 2024-25. Some of the social and community activities held during the year include:

- Taste of Mexico
- Vet Program
- Seniors Week
- Mental Health advocacy
- Community Lawn Bowls
- Auskick Football
- Little Red in the Hood
- Open Heritage buildings to the public



ANZAC Day



Australia Day



Youth

SOCIAL STRATEGIES



Marlu Junior
Football League

Little Red in the Hood



Barefoot
Bowls

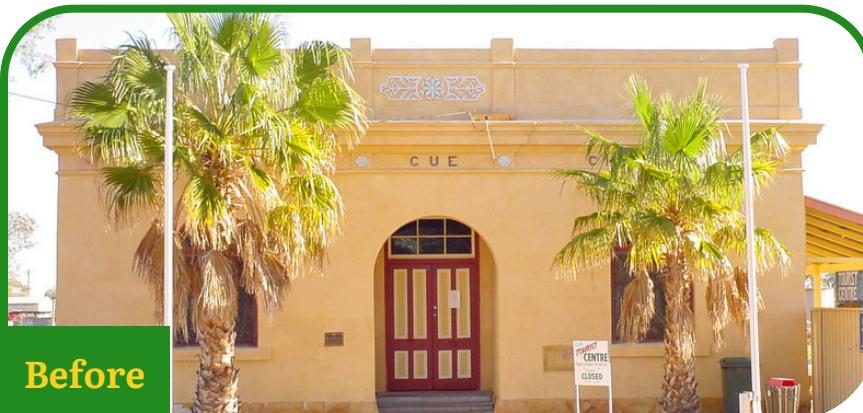
Future Projects

- Grow and expand Youth Program
- Facilitate events
- Water sustainability
- Recreation Centre
- Aboriginal Cultural Program
- Develop area around Recreation Centre
- Continue Renewable Energy Development
- Investigate affordable staff housing

ENVIRONMENT STRATEGIES



New Shire Website



Before

The Old Municipal Chambers



After

2023/24 Projects

The Shire continued its work on restoring its heritage assets, stone masonry work was completed on the:

- Old Gaol
- Old Municipal Building
- Railway Station
- Western Australian Bank
- Old Hospital Incinerator

Other project worked on include:

- The Old Municipal Chambers
- Western Australian Bank
- Gentleman's Club
- Old Gaol
- Restored Old Hospital Incinerator
- Beringarra-Cue Road
- Cue-Wondingong Road
- Refuse Site Upgrades and Management Plan
- Tourist Park online bookings

The Shire has continued its transition to paperless operations and deployed the Shire's new website.

ENVIRONMENT STRATEGIES

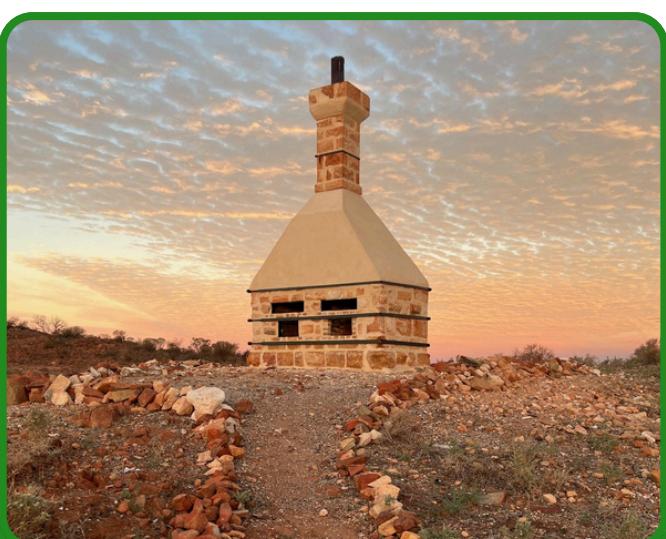


Masonic Lodge

Great Fingall Mine Office



Western Australian Bank



**Cue Hospital
Incinerator**

Future Projects

- Footpaths Construction
- Roads Maintenance and Upgrades
- Waste Facility Upgrade
- Biosecurity Programmes
- Move Great Fingall Mine Office
- Masonic Lodge Renovations
- Streetscape Revitalisation

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Operating Net
-0.4m

Surplus
7.4m

Capital Grants
1.2m

Capital Expenditure
4.4m

Unspent Grants
0.3m

Cash
7.2m

Reserves
8.0m

Assets
Property
Plant & Equipment
22.0m

Assets
Infrastructure
52.1m

Loans
0.6m

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Cash

2024

Cash

2023

7.2m 8.4m

| Revenue | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Rates | 2,746,609 | 2,685,517 |
| Operating grants, subsidies and contributions | 4,221,373 | 4,768,614 |
| Fees and charges | 1,075,076 | 867,616 |
| Interest earnings | 704,588 | 459,008 |
| Other revenue | 126,185 | 78,547 |
| | 8,873,831 | 8,859,302 |
| Expenses | | |
| Employee costs | (2,222,923) | (2,263,305) |
| Materials and contracts | (1,892,459) | (1,509,818) |
| Utility charges | (343,581) | (319,280) |
| Depreciation on non-current assets | (4,327,342) | (2,969,858) |
| Interest expenses | (14,512) | (16,874) |
| Insurance expenses | (236,488) | (195,259) |
| Other expenditure | (208,828) | (139,909) |
| | (9,246,133) | (7,414,303) |
| Net | (372,302) | 1,444,999 |
| | | |
| Excluded activities | 8,362,989 | 8,507,435 |
| Investing activities | (2,938,753) | (2,983,688) |
| Financing activities | (731,637) | (1,061,913) |
| | | |
| Surplus / (deficit) | 7,439,208 | 7,147,351 |

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Proceeds
on Disposals

288,173

| Capital Funding* | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| LRCIP | 57,799 | 827,490 | 377,613 |
| Roads to Recovery | 581,332 | 13,288 | 353,424 |
| Regional Roads Group | 300,000 | 180,000 | 140,000 |
| Aerodrome Contribution | 200,000 | 200,000 | 0 |
| Railway Building | 0 | 0 | 350,000 |
| Heydon Place Development | 0 | 0 | 121,500 |
| WABN Dual Use Pathways | 70,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Plant Contribution | 3,800 | 0 | 0 |
| Road Contribution | 0 | 0 | 758,315 |

* - in accordance with Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996 s19BE

Rate Revenue

Total GRV

Residential

84,508

Total GRV

Commercial

51,756

Total GRV

Vacant Land

17,676

Total GRV

M&T Workforce

95,313

Total UV

Mining

2.5m

Total UV

Pastoral

48,220

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





Shire of Cue

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PO Box 84 Cue WA 6640
(08) 9963 8600
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SHIRE OF CUE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

*Local Government Act 1995
Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996*

SHIRE'S VISION

The Shire of Cue is dedicated to providing high quality services to the community through the various service orientated programs which it has established.



**SHIRE OF CUE
TABLE OF CONTENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

| STATEMENT / NOTE | PAGE |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Statement by Chief Executive Officer | 3 |
| Statement of Comprehensive Income | 4 |
| Statement of Financial Position | 5 |
| Statement of Changes in Equity | 6 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 7 |
| Statement of Financial Activity | 8 |
| Notes to the Financial Report | 9 |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 47 |

**SHIRE OF CUE
FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

Local Government Act 1995
Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

STATEMENT BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The accompanying financial report of the Shire of Cue has been prepared in compliance with the provisions of the *Local Government Act 1995* from proper accounts and records to present fairly the financial transactions for the reporting period ended 30 June 2024 and the financial position as at 30 June 2024.

At the date of signing this statement the particulars included in the financial report are not misleading or inaccurate.

Signed on the 2nd day of December 2024



Richard Towell
Chief Executive Officer



SHIRE OF CUE
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

| | NOTE | 2024 Actual | 2024 Budget | 2023 Actual |
|--|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Revenue | | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Rates | 24 | 2,746,609 | 2,747,540 | 2,685,517 |
| Operating grants, subsidies and contributions | 2(b) | 4,221,373 | 1,309,800 | 4,768,614 |
| Fees and charges | 2(b) | 1,075,076 | 900,300 | 867,616 |
| Interest earnings | 2(b) | 704,588 | 376,000 | 459,008 |
| Other revenue | 2(b) | 126,185 | 172,000 | 78,547 |
| | | 8,873,831 | 5,505,640 | 8,859,302 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| Employee costs | 2(c) | (2,222,923) | (2,550,400) | (2,263,305) |
| Materials and contracts | | (1,892,459) | (2,214,400) | (1,509,818) |
| Utility charges | | (343,581) | (422,400) | (319,280) |
| Depreciation on non-current assets | 10 | (4,327,342) | (3,108,600) | (2,969,858) |
| Interest expenses | 2(c) | (14,512) | (17,000) | (16,874) |
| Insurance expenses | | (236,488) | (278,500) | (195,259) |
| Other expenditure | | (208,828) | (263,700) | (139,909) |
| | | (9,246,133) | (8,855,000) | (7,414,303) |
| | | (372,302) | (3,349,360) | 1,444,999 |
| Fair value adjustment to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 7 | 421 | 0 | 921 |
| Fair value gain on acquisition of non-financial assets | 2(a) | 5,000 | 0 | 629,697 |
| Loss on revaluation of other infrastructure | 9(a) | 0 | 0 | (96,803) |
| Capital grants, subsidies and contributions | 2(b) | 1,212,931 | 12,625,200 | 1,220,778 |
| Profit on asset disposals | | 19,453 | 62,000 | 1,745 |
| (Loss) on asset disposals | | (54,823) | (24,000) | 0 |
| | | 1,182,982 | 12,663,200 | 1,756,338 |
| Net result for the period | | 810,680 | 9,313,840 | 3,201,337 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | | | | |
| Changes in asset revaluation surplus | 11 | 0 | 0 | 15,878,900 |
| Total other comprehensive income for the period | | 0 | 0 | 15,878,900 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | | 810,680 | 9,313,840 | 19,080,237 |

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



SHIRE OF CUE
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

| | NOTE | 2024 | 2023 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3 | 4,035,837 | 4,044,031 |
| Receivables and other assets | 5 | 1,375,695 | 963,249 |
| Inventories | 6 | 38,498 | 62,342 |
| Other financial assets | 7 | 11,212,189 | 11,769,966 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | <u>16,662,219</u> | <u>16,839,588</u> |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Receivables and other assets | 5 | 4,397 | 8,279 |
| Other financial assets | 7 | 20,793 | 20,372 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 8(a) | 21,997,304 | 21,006,853 |
| Infrastructure | 9(a) | 52,069,120 | 53,270,599 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | <u>74,091,614</u> | <u>74,306,103</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | <u>90,753,833</u> | <u>91,145,691</u> |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 12 | 698,649 | 1,803,100 |
| Borrowings | 13(a) | 97,873 | 96,154 |
| Employee related provisions | 14(a) | 194,296 | 202,546 |
| Other liabilities | 15 | 298,187 | 290,195 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | | <u>1,289,005</u> | <u>2,391,995</u> |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Borrowings | 13(a) | 462,541 | 560,414 |
| Employee related provisions | 14(a) | 42,492 | 44,167 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | <u>505,033</u> | <u>604,581</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | <u>1,794,038</u> | <u>2,996,576</u> |
| NET ASSETS | | <u>88,959,795</u> | <u>88,149,115</u> |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Retained surplus | | 26,233,103 | 26,057,906 |
| Reserves - cash backed | 4 | 8,031,879 | 7,396,396 |
| Revaluation surplus | 11 | 54,694,813 | 54,694,813 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | <u>88,959,795</u> | <u>88,149,115</u> |

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



SHIRE OF CUE
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

| Note | Retained surplus | Reserve accounts | Revaluation surplus | Total equity |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance as at 1 July 2022 | 23,824,014 | 6,428,948 | 38,815,916 | 69,068,878 |
| Net result for the period | 3,201,337 | 0 | 0 | 3,201,337 |
| Other comprehensive income | 11 | 0 | 15,878,900 | 15,878,900 |
| Transfers from/(to) reserves | 4 | (967,448) | 967,448 | 0 |
| Balancing adjustments | 3 | 0 | (3) | 0 |
| Balance as at 30 June 2023 | 26,057,906 | 7,396,396 | 54,694,813 | 88,149,115 |
| Net result for the period | 810,680 | 0 | 0 | 810,680 |
| Other comprehensive income | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transfers from/(to) reserves | 4 | (635,483) | 635,483 | 0 |
| Balance as at 30 June 2024 | 26,233,103 | 8,031,879 | 54,694,813 | 88,959,795 |

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SHIRE OF CUE
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | NOTE | 2024 | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Actual | Budget | Actual |
| Receipts | | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Rates | | 2,650,371 | 2,747,540 | 2,639,767 |
| Operating grants, subsidies and contributions | | 3,787,821 | 1,603,635 | 5,055,528 |
| Fees and charges | | 1,075,076 | 900,300 | 873,799 |
| Interest received | | 741,408 | 376,000 | 169,217 |
| GST receipts on revenue | | 333,444 | 0 | 241,508 |
| GST receipts from taxation authority | | 365,394 | 0 | 0 |
| Other revenue | | 126,185 | 172,000 | 78,547 |
| | | 9,079,699 | 5,799,475 | 9,058,366 |
| Payments | | | | |
| Employee costs | | (2,201,781) | (2,550,400) | (2,359,143) |
| Materials and contracts | | (3,074,002) | (2,007,694) | (146,403) |
| Utility charges | | (349,960) | (422,400) | (325,714) |
| Interest expenses | | (15,692) | (17,000) | (18,044) |
| Insurance paid | | (236,488) | (278,500) | (195,259) |
| GST payments on purchases | | (537,004) | 0 | (372,126) |
| GST payments to taxation authority | | 0 | 0 | (5,588) |
| Other expenditure | | (208,828) | (263,700) | (139,909) |
| | | (6,623,755) | (5,539,694) | (3,562,186) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 16 | 2,455,944 | 259,781 | 5,496,180 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Capital grants, subsidies and contributions | | 1,220,923 | 12,917,455 | 1,387,146 |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | | 288,173 | 303,000 | 10,000 |
| Purchase of property, plant & equipment | | (2,456,626) | (14,481,803) | (2,027,045) |
| Purchase of infrastructure | | (1,978,231) | (6,835,205) | (1,557,724) |
| Proceeds/(Payments) from financial assets at amortised cost | | 557,777 | 4,078,961 | (2,827,810) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investment activities | | (2,367,984) | (4,017,592) | (5,015,433) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Repayment of borrowings | | (96,154) | (96,150) | (94,465) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | | (96,154) | (96,150) | (94,465) |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash held | | (8,194) | (3,853,961) | 386,282 |
| Cash at beginning of year | | 4,044,031 | 4,044,030 | 3,657,749 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 16 | 4,035,837 | 190,069 | 4,044,031 |

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SHIRE OF CUE
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

| | NOTE | 2024 Actual | 2024 Budget | 2023 Actual |
|---|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Net current assets at 01 Jul - surplus/(deficit) | 25(a) | 7,147,351 | 7,180,910 | 6,179,502 |
| Revenue from operating activities (excluding rates) | | | | |
| Grants, subsidies and contributions | 2(b) | 4,221,373 | 1,309,800 | 4,768,614 |
| Fees and charges | 2(b) | 1,075,076 | 900,300 | 867,616 |
| Interest earnings | 2(b) | 704,588 | 376,000 | 459,008 |
| Other revenue | 2(b) | 126,185 | 172,000 | 78,547 |
| Profit on asset disposals | | 19,453 | 62,000 | 1,745 |
| | | 6,146,675 | 2,820,100 | 6,175,530 |
| Expenditure from operating activities | | | | |
| Employee costs | 2(c) | (2,222,923) | (2,550,400) | (2,263,305) |
| Materials and contracts | | (1,892,459) | (2,214,400) | (1,509,818) |
| Utility charges | | (343,581) | (422,400) | (319,280) |
| Depreciation on non-current assets | 10 | (4,327,342) | (3,108,600) | (2,969,858) |
| Interest expenses | 2(c) | (14,512) | (17,000) | (16,874) |
| Insurance expenses | | (236,488) | (278,500) | (195,259) |
| Other expenditure | | (208,828) | (263,700) | (139,909) |
| Loss on asset disposals | | (54,823) | (24,000) | 0 |
| | | (9,300,956) | (8,879,000) | (7,414,303) |
| Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities | | | | |
| Less: Profit on asset disposals | | (19,453) | (62,000) | (1,745) |
| Movement in employee benefit provisions (non-current) | | (1,675) | 0 | (43,053) |
| Movement in employee related receivable (non-current) | | 0 | 0 | 13,691 |
| Movement in pensioner deferred rates (non-current) | | 3,882 | 0 | (1,742) |
| Add: Loss on disposal of assets | | 54,823 | 24,000 | 0 |
| Add: Gain on fair value adjustment to non-financial assets | 2(a) | 5,000 | 0 | 629,697 |
| Add: Depreciation on assets | 10 | 4,327,342 | 3,108,600 | 2,969,858 |
| Amount attributable to operating activities | | 8,362,989 | 4,192,610 | 8,507,435 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Capital grants, subsidies and contributions | 2(b) | 1,212,931 | 12,625,200 | 1,220,778 |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | | 288,173 | 303,000 | 10,000 |
| Purchase of property, plant & equipment | 8(a) | (2,461,626) | (14,277,200) | (2,656,742) |
| Purchase of infrastructure | 9(a) | (1,978,231) | (5,818,000) | (1,557,724) |
| | | (2,938,753) | (7,167,000) | (2,983,688) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Repayment of borrowings | 13(b) | (96,154) | (96,150) | (94,465) |
| Transfers to reserves (restricted assets) | 4 | (785,483) | (615,000) | (5,900,403) |
| Transfers from reserves (restricted assets) | 4 | 150,000 | 938,000 | 4,932,955 |
| Amount attributable to financing activities | | (731,637) | 226,850 | (1,061,913) |
| Surplus/(deficit) before imposition of general rates | | 4,692,599 | (2,747,540) | 4,461,834 |
| Total amount raised from general rates | 24 | 2,746,609 | 2,747,540 | 2,685,517 |
| Surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates | 25(a) | 7,439,208 | 0 | 7,147,351 |

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial report for the Shire of Cue, which is designated as a class 4 local government, comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying regulations. The class 4 designation for the Shire of Cue is in accordance with the *Local Government (Constitution) Regulations 1998*.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995 REQUIREMENTS

Section 6.4(2) of the *Local Government Act 1995* read with the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996* prescribe that the financial report be prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, the Australian Accounting Standards. The Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities) and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board were applied except for disclosure requirements of:

- AASB 7 *Financial Instruments Disclosures*
- AASB 16 *Leases* paragraph 58
- AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements* paragraph 61
- AASB 116 *Property, Plant and Equipment* paragraph 79
- AASB 137 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* paragraph 85
- AASB 140 *Investment Property* paragraph 75(f)
- AASB 1052 *Disaggregated Disclosures* paragraph 11

The *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996* specify that vested land is a right-of-use asset to be measured at cost, and is considered a zero cost concessionary lease. All right-of-use assets under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost rather than at fair value, except for vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which continue to be reported at fair value, as opposed to the vested land which is measured at zero cost. The measurement of vested improvements at fair value is a departure from AASB 16 which would have required the Shire to measure any vested improvements at zero cost.

The *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996* provide that:

- land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment; or
- infrastructure; or
- vested improvements that the local government controls; and
- measured at reportable value

are only required to be revalued every five years. Revaluing these non-financial assets every five years is a departure from AASB 116 *Property, Plant and Equipment*, which would have required the Shire to assess at each reporting date whether the carrying amount of the above mentioned non-financial assets materially differs from their fair value and, if so, revalue the class of non-financial assets.

Accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise. Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the financial report has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REPORTING ENTITY

All funds through which the Shire controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements. A separate statement of those monies appears at Note 27 of the financial report.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

During the current year, the following new or revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations were applied for the first time.

The following are estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and further information on their nature and impact can be found in the relevant note:

- Fair value measurement of assets carried at reportable value - Note 8 and 9
- Expected credit losses on financial assets - Note 5
- Measurement of employee benefits - Note 14(a)

Fair value hierarchy information can be found in Note 28.

INITIAL APPLICATION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

During the current year, the following new or revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations were applied for the first time:

- *AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure of Accounting Policies or Definition of Accounting Estimates*

This standard resulted in terminology changes relating to material accounting policies (formerly referred to as significant accounting policies).

NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS FOR APPLICATION IN FUTURE YEARS

The following new accounting standards will have application to local government in future years:

- *AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*
- *AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current*
- *AASB 2021-7c Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 and Editorial Corrections [deferred AASB 10 and AASB 128 amendments in AASB 2014-10 apply]*
- *AASB 2022-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback*
- *AASB 2022-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Non-current Liabilities with Covenants*

These amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the financial report on initial application.

- *AASB 2022-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets of Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities*

These amendments may result in changes to the fair value of non-financial assets. The impact is yet to be quantified.

- *AASB 2023-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Supplier Finance Arrangements*

These amendments may result in additional disclosures in the case of applicable finance arrangements.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

2. REVENUE, REVENUE RECOGNITION AND EXPENSES

(a) Revenue

| | 2024 Actual | 2024 Budget | 2023 Actual |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Interest earnings | | | |
| Reserve accounts interest | 395,603 | 180,000 | 243,338 |
| Interest on unpaid rates | 23,600 | 13,000 | 11,017 |
| Interest on instalment plan | 1,920 | 3,000 | 934 |
| Other interest earnings | 283,465 | 180,000 | 203,719 |
| | 704,588 | 376,000 | 459,008 |
| Fees and charges relating to rates receivable | | | |
| Instalment charges | 885 | 1,500 | 870 |
| | 885 | 1,500 | 870 |
| Assets acquired below fair value | | | |
| Land | 5,000 | 0 | 9,987 |
| Buildings | 0 | 0 | 619,710 |
| | 5,000 | 0 | 629,697 |

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Interest earnings

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Interest income is presented as finance income where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes.

2. REVENUE, REVENUE RECOGNITION AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(b) Revenue Recognition

Revenue recognised during the year under each basis of recognition by nature of goods or services is provided in the table below:

| 2023/24 Actual | Contracts with customers | Capital grant / contributions | Statutory requirements | Other | Total |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Rates | 0 | 0 | 2,746,609 | 0 | 2,746,609 |
| Grants, subsidies and contributions | 0 | 0 | 6,001 | 4,215,372 | 4,221,373 |
| Fees and charges | 1,071,442 | 0 | 3,634 | 0 | 1,075,076 |
| Interest revenue | 0 | 0 | 25,520 | 679,068 | 704,588 |
| Other revenue | 0 | 0 | 33,508 | 92,677 | 126,185 |
| Capital grants, subsidies and contributions | 0 | 1,212,931 | 0 | 0 | 1,212,931 |
| | 1,071,442 | 1,212,931 | 2,815,272 | 4,987,117 | 10,086,762 |

| 2022/23 Actual | Contracts with customers | Capital grant / contributions | Statutory requirements | Other | Total |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Rates | 0 | 0 | 2,685,517 | 0 | 2,685,517 |
| Grants, subsidies and contributions | 0 | 0 | 5,652 | 4,762,962 | 4,768,614 |
| Fees and charges | 859,008 | 0 | 8,608 | 0 | 867,616 |
| Interest revenue | 0 | 0 | 11,951 | 447,057 | 459,008 |
| Other revenue | 0 | 0 | 24,167 | 54,380 | 78,547 |
| Capital grants, subsidies and contributions | 0 | 1,220,778 | 0 | 0 | 1,220,778 |
| | 859,008 | 1,220,778 | 2,735,895 | 5,264,399 | 10,080,080 |

2. REVENUE, REVENUE RECOGNITION AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(b) Revenue Recognition (Continued)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Contracts with customers

Recognition of revenue is dependant on the source of revenue and the associated terms and conditions associated with each source of revenue and recognised as follows:

| Revenue Category | Nature of goods and services | When obligations satisfied | Payment terms | Returns / refunds warranties | Timing of revenue recognition |
|---|--|----------------------------|--|---|---|
| Grants, subsidies and contributions | Community events, minor facilities, planning evaluation and services | Over time | Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting | Contract obligation if project not complete | Output method based on project milestones and / or completion date matched to performance obligations |
| Fees and charges - licences, registrations, approvals | Building, planning, development and animal management | Single point in time | Full payment prior to issue | None | On payment of the licence, registration or approval |
| Fees and charges - waste management entry fees | Waste treatment, recycling and disposal service at disposal sites | Single point in time | Payment in advance at gate or on normal trading terms if credit provided | None | On entry to facility |
| Fees and charges - airport landing charges | Permission to use facilities and runway | Single point in time | Payment in arrears | None | On landing / departure event |
| Fees and charges - sale of stock | History books, potable water, sand / gravel | Single point in time | Full payment prior to issue | Refund for faulty goods | At point of sale |
| Other revenue - private works | Contracted private works | Single point in time | Monthly in arrears | None | At point of service |

Consideration from contracts with customers is included in the transaction price.



SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

2. REVENUE, REVENUErecognition AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(c) Expenses

| | 2024 Actual | 2024 Budget | 2023 Actual |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Employee costs | | | |
| Employee benefit costs | 2,162,068 | 2,490,600 | 2,202,848 |
| Other employee costs | 60,855 | 59,800 | 60,457 |
| | 2,222,923 | 2,550,400 | 2,263,305 |
| Auditors remuneration | | | |
| Audit of the annual financial report | 37,840 | 40,500 | 38,000 |
| Grant acquittals | 4,500 | 0 | 1,500 |
| | 42,340 | 40,500 | 39,500 |
| Interest expenses (finance costs) | | | |
| Borrowings (refer Note 13(b)) | 14,512 | 17,000 | 16,874 |
| | 14,512 | 17,000 | 16,874 |

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and on hand

Total cash and cash equivalents

| NOTE | 2024 | 2023 |
|------|------------------|------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| | 4,035,837 | 4,044,031 |
| | 4,035,837 | 4,044,031 |

Other financial assets at amortised cost

Term deposits

7 3,180,310 4,373,570

Term deposits - reserves

7 8,031,879 7,396,396

Total other financial assets at amortised cost

11,212,189 11,769,966

15,248,026 15,813,997

Comprises:

Unrestricted

6,839,107 8,054,296

Restricted

8,408,919 7,759,701

15,248,026 15,813,997

The restricted assets are a result of the following specific purposes to which the assets may be used:

Cash backed reserves

4 8,031,879 7,396,396

Deposits and bonds

12 50,040 40,010

Revenue received in advance

12 28,813 33,100

Other liabilities

15 298,187 290,195

Total restricted cash and cash equivalents

8,408,919 7,759,701

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Term deposits are presented as cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition and are repayable with 24 hours notice with no loss of interest.

Restricted financial assets

Restricted asset balances are not available for general use by the local government due to externally imposed restrictions. Restrictions are specified in an agreement, contract or legislation. This applies to reserve accounts, unspent grants, subsidies and contributions and unspent loans that have not been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor, legislation or loan agreement and for which no liability has been recognised.

4. RESERVES - CASH BACKED (Continued)

| | Opening balance | Transfer to | Transfer (from) | Closing balance |
|--|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| (a) 2023/24 Actual | | | | |
| (a) Long service leave reserve | 64,483 | 3,056 | 0 | 67,539 |
| (b) Building maintenance reserve | 608,484 | 28,833 | 0 | 637,317 |
| (c) Plant replacement reserve | 526,662 | 24,957 | 0 | 551,619 |
| (d) Streetscape reserve | 325,072 | 15,404 | 0 | 340,476 |
| (e) Sports facilities reserve | 125,164 | 5,931 | 0 | 131,095 |
| (f) Tourist park development reserve | 258,531 | 12,252 | 0 | 270,783 |
| (g) Water playground reserve | 62,183 | 2,947 | 0 | 65,130 |
| (h) Beringarra road reserve | 2,421,807 | 114,758 | (150,000) | 2,386,565 |
| (i) Tourism reserve | 126,272 | 5,983 | 0 | 132,255 |
| (j) Housing / land development reserve | 221,945 | 10,516 | 0 | 232,461 |
| (k) Heritage reserve | 642,142 | 215,428 | 0 | 857,570 |
| (l) Road maintenance reserve | 1,779,914 | 334,342 | 0 | 2,114,256 |
| (m) Infrastructure reserve | 233,737 | 11,076 | 0 | 244,813 |
| | 7,396,396 | 785,483 | (150,000) | 8,031,879 |
| (b) 2023/24 Budget | | | | |
| (a) Long service leave reserve | 64,483 | 1,569 | 0 | 66,052 |
| (b) Building maintenance reserve | 608,484 | 14,808 | (135,000) | 488,292 |
| (c) Plant replacement reserve | 526,662 | 12,817 | (200,000) | 339,479 |
| (d) Streetscape reserve | 325,072 | 7,911 | (123,000) | 209,983 |
| (e) Sports facilities reserve | 125,164 | 3,046 | 0 | 128,210 |
| (f) Tourist park development reserve | 258,531 | 6,292 | (140,000) | 124,823 |
| (g) Water playground reserve | 62,183 | 1,513 | 0 | 63,696 |
| (h) Beringarra road reserve | 2,421,807 | 58,938 | (150,000) | 2,330,745 |
| (i) Tourism reserve | 126,272 | 3,073 | (40,000) | 89,345 |
| (j) Housing / land development reserve | 221,945 | 5,401 | (150,000) | 77,346 |
| (k) Heritage reserve | 642,142 | 200,627 | 0 | 842,769 |
| (l) Road maintenance reserve | 1,779,914 | 293,316 | 0 | 2,073,230 |
| (m) Infrastructure reserve | 233,737 | 5,689 | 0 | 239,426 |
| | 7,396,396 | 615,000 | (938,000) | 7,073,396 |
| (c) 2022/23 Actual* | | | | |
| (a) Long service leave reserve | 63,814 | 49,634 | (48,965) | 64,483 |
| (b) Building maintenance reserve | 602,166 | 468,362 | (462,044) | 608,484 |
| (c) Plant replacement reserve | 521,193 | 405,381 | (399,912) | 526,662 |
| (d) Streetscape reserve | 321,696 | 250,213 | (246,837) | 325,072 |
| (e) Sports facilities reserve | 123,864 | 96,341 | (95,041) | 125,164 |
| (f) Tourist park development reserve | 255,847 | 198,997 | (196,313) | 258,531 |
| (g) Water playground reserve | 61,537 | 47,864 | (47,218) | 62,183 |
| (h) Beringarra road reserve | 2,396,664 | 1,864,117 | (1,838,974) | 2,421,807 |
| (i) Tourism reserve | 124,961 | 97,194 | (95,883) | 126,272 |
| (j) Housing / land development reserve | 219,640 | 170,835 | (168,530) | 221,945 |
| (k) Heritage reserve | 635,476 | 494,267 | (487,601) | 642,142 |
| (l) Road maintenance reserve | 870,779 | 1,577,287 | (668,152) | 1,779,914 |
| (m) Infrastructure reserve | 231,311 | 179,911 | (177,485) | 233,737 |
| | 6,428,948 | 5,900,403 | (4,932,955) | 7,396,396 |

* - Matured term deposits transferred to Muni account before being reinvested with another bank.

4. RESERVES - CASH BACKED (Continued)

All reserves are supported by cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at amortised cost and are restricted within equity as Reserve accounts.

In accordance with Council resolutions to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside and their anticipated date of use are as follows:

| Name of reserve | Anticipated date of use | Purpose of the reserve |
|--|-------------------------|---|
| (a) Long service leave reserve | as required | O to be used to fund long service leave requirements |
| (b) Building maintenance reserve | as required | O to be used to fund maintenance and capital expenditure on Council owned building |
| (c) Plant replacement reserve | as required | O to be used for the purchase or significant overhaul of major plant |
| (d) Streetscape reserve | as required | O to be used to fund streetscape improvements within the town centre of Cue |
| (e) Sports facilities reserve | as required | O to be used to fund maintenance and capital expenditure on the sports facilities |
| (f) Tourist park development reserve | as required | O to be used to fund the development of the Cue Tourist Park |
| (g) Water playground reserve | as required | O to be used to fund the maintenance of the Water Playground |
| (h) Beringarra road reserve | as required | O to be used for maintenance and capital expenditure on Beringarra Road |
| (i) Tourism reserve | as required | O to be used to fund and maintain Tourism related infrastructure and programs |
| (j) Housing / land development reserve | as required | O to be used to assist with the provision of affordable housing and the establishment of an incubator hub |
| (k) Heritage reserve | as required | O to be used to maintain / renovate / promote heritage places and buildings owned or under a Shire management order |
| (l) Road maintenance reserve | as required | O to be used for maintenance and capital expenditure on Shire roads |
| (m) Infrastructure reserve | as required | O to be used to fund maintenance and capital expenditure for Shire's infrastructure assets |

A 100% related to legislation / agreement
O 100% related to any other purpose



SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

5. RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Current | | |
| Rates receivable | 385,248 | 283,065 |
| Allowance for credit losses of rates and statutory receivables | (14,680) | (8,330) |
| Trade receivables | 568,732 | 112,400 |
| Allowance for credit losses of trade receivables | (33,580) | (12,770) |
| Accrued income | 401,120 | 439,910 |
| ATO receivables | 0 | 144,604 |
| Other receivables | 4,370 | 4,370 |
| Prepayments | 64,485 | 0 |
| | 1,375,695 | 963,249 |
| Non-current | | |
| Deferred pensioner's rates and ESL receivables | 4,397 | 8,279 |
| | 4,397 | 8,279 |

Disclosure of opening and closing balances related to contracts with customers

Information about receivables from contracts with customers along with financial assets and associated liabilities arising from transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable non financial assets is:

| | 30 Jun 24 | 30 Jun 23 | 01 Jul 22 |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Trade and other receivables from contracts with customers | 568,732 | 112,400 | 300,932 |
| Allowance for credit losses of trade receivables | (33,580) | (12,770) | (32,170) |
| | 535,152 | 99,630 | 268,762 |

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

5. RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS (Continued)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Rates and statutory receivables

Rates and statutory receivables are non-contractual receivables arising from statutory requirements and include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other statutory charges or fines.

Rates and statutory receivables are recognised when the taxable event has occurred and can be measured reliably.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts receivable from contractual arrangements with customers for goods sold, services performed or grants or contributions with sufficiently specific performance obligations or for the construction of recognisable non financial assets as part of the ordinary course of business.

Other receivables

Other receivables are amounts receivable from contractual arrangements with third parties other than contracts with customers including grants for the construction of recognisable non-financial assets.

Measurement

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of the transaction price, unless they contain a significant financing component, and are to be recognised at fair value.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Receivables which are generally due for settlement within 30 days, except rates receivables which are expected to be collected within 12 months, are classified as current assets. All other receivables such as, deferred pensioner rates receivable after the end of the reporting period, are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are held with the objective to collect the contractual cashflows and therefore the Shire measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Due to the short term nature of current receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value. Non-current receivables are indexed to inflation and any difference between the face value and fair value is considered immaterial.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

6. INVENTORIES

Current

Fuel and materials
History books

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Fuel and materials | 33,562 | 57,406 |
| History books | 4,936 | 4,936 |
| | 38,498 | 62,342 |

The following inventory movements occurred during the year:

Carrying amount at 1 July

Inventories expensed during the year

Additions to inventory

Carrying amount at 30 June

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 62,342 | 34,225 |
| Inventories expensed during the year | (23,844) | (2,302) |
| Additions to inventory | 0 | 30,419 |
| | 38,498 | 62,342 |

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

7. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

| | Note | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| Current assets | | | |
| Financial assets at amortised cost - term deposits | 3 | 3,180,310 | 4,373,570 |
| Financial assets at amortised cost - reserve term deposits | 3 | 8,031,879 | 7,396,396 |
| | | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| | | 11,212,189 | 11,769,966 |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss | | | |
| Opening balance at 1 July 2023 | | | |
| Movement in fair value of local government house trust | | 20,372 | 19,451 |
| Balance at 30 June 2024 | | <hr/> 421 | <hr/> 921 |
| | | <hr/> 20,793 | <hr/> 20,372 |

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other financial assets at amortised cost

The Shire classifies financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cashflows, and
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Fair values of financial assets at amortised cost are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest receivable on those assets is either close to current market rates or the assets are of a short term nature. Non-current financial assets at amortised cost fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a current market rates. They are classified as level 2 fair values in the fair value hierarchy (refer Note 28) due to the observable market rates.

Interest received is presented under cashflows from operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

The Shire has elected to classify the following financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:

- debt investments which do not qualify for measurement at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- equity investments which the Shire has not elected to recognise fair value gains and losses through other comprehensive income.

**SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(a) Movements in Balances

Movement in the balances of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

| | Land freehold | Buildings non-specialised | Buildings specialised | Furniture and equipment | Plant and equipment | Total |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Balance at 1 July 2022 | 722,000 | 2,846,053 | 9,471,056 | 41,873 | 2,963,712 | 16,044,694 |
| Additions* | 16,711 | 1,443,345 | 964,895 | 37,174 | 194,617 | 2,656,742 |
| (Disposals) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (8,255) | (8,255) |
| Revaluation adjustments: | | | | | | |
| Increments / (decrements) | 589 | 69,123 | 3,113,303 | 0 | 0 | 3,183,015 |
| Depreciation (expense) | 0 | (170,260) | (503,554) | (12,541) | (182,988) | (869,343) |
| Balance at 30 June 2023 | 739,300 | 4,188,261 | 13,045,700 | 66,506 | 2,967,086 | 21,006,853 |

Comprises:

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|-------------|--------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| Gross balance | 739,300 | 8,613,521 | 27,914,500 | 109,329 | 3,740,685 | 41,117,335 |
| Accumulated depreciation | 0 | (4,425,260) | (14,868,800) | (42,823) | (773,599) | (20,110,482) |
| Balance at 30 June 2023 | 739,300 | 4,188,261 | 13,045,700 | 66,506 | 2,967,086 | 21,006,853 |
| Additions* | 26,000 | 727,052 | 485,476 | 245,059 | 978,039 | 2,461,626 |

(Disposals)

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|-------------|
| Depreciation (expense) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (323,543) | (323,543) |
| Balance at 30 June 2024 | 765,300 | (220,212) | (675,808) | (27,211) | (224,401) | (1,147,632) |
| Comprises: | | | | | | |
| Gross balance | 765,300 | 9,340,573 | 28,399,976 | 354,388 | 4,211,648 | 43,071,885 |

Accumulated depreciation

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|-----------|--------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| Balance at 30 June 2024 | 765,300 | 4,645,472 | (15,544,608) | (70,034) | (814,467) | (21,074,581) |
| During the year ended 30 June 2023 | 9,987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| During the year ended 30 June 2024 | 5,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,000 |

* - Includes the additions received at substantially less than fair value below:
During the year ended 30 June 2023
During the year ended 30 June 2024

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Carrying Amount Measurements

| Asset class | Fair value hierarchy | Valuation technique | Basis of valuation | Date of last valuation | Inputs used |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Fair Value | | | | | |
| Land - freehold land | 2 | Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties | Independent registered valuer | 2023 | Price per hectare / market borrowing rate |
| | 3 | Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties with adjustments to reflect the existing use or zoning of the land restrictions | Independent registered valuer | 2023 | Price per hectare / market borrowing rate |
| Buildings - non-specialised | 2 | Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties / income approach using discounted cashflow methodology | Independent registered valuer | 2023 | Market sales evidence |
| Buildings - non-specialised | 3 | Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost (gross valuation method) | Independent registered valuer | 2023 | Construction costs and current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments inputs |
| Buildings - specialised | 2 | Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties / income approach using discounted cashflow methodology | Independent registered valuer | 2023 | Market sales evidence |
| Buildings - specialised | 3 | Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost (gross valuation method) | Independent registered valuer | 2023 | Construction costs and current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments inputs |

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used by the local government to determine the fair value of property, plant and equipment using either level 2 or level 3 inputs.

**SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Carrying Amount Measurements (Continued)

| Asset class | Fair value hierarchy | Valuation technique | Basis of valuation | Date of last valuation | Inputs used |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Furniture and equipment | N/A | N/A | Cost | N/A | N/A |
| Plant and equipment | N/A | N/A | Cost | N/A | N/A |

**SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

9. INFRASTRUCTURE

(a) Movements in Balances

Movement in the balances of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

| | Roads | Parks and ovals | Other infrastructure | Airport | Drainage and sewerage | Total |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Balance at 1 July 2022 | \$ 36,938,754 | \$ 1,180,397 | \$ 1,631,993 | \$ 1,265,297 | \$ 197,868 | \$ 41,214,309 |
| Additions (Disposals) | 433,517 0 | 5,713 0 | 80,002 0 | 1,038,492 0 | 0 0 | 1,557,724 0 |
| Revaluation adjustments: | | | | | | |
| Increments / (decrements) | 11,514,229 | 498,629 | (11,563) | 45,673 | 648,915 | 12,695,883 |
| (Loss) / reversals to profit or loss | 0 | 0 | (96,803) | 0 | 0 | (96,803) |
| Depreciation (expense) | (1,796,041) | (118,946) | (77,882) | (100,862) | (6,783) | (2,100,514) |
| Transfers | (39,860) | 40,107 | (247) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Balance at 30 June 2023 | \$ 47,050,599 | \$ 1,605,900 | \$ 1,525,500 | \$ 2,248,600 | \$ 840,000 | \$ 53,270,599 |
| Comprises: | | | | | | |
| Gross balance | 73,113,075 | 2,980,700 | 2,213,700 | 3,209,600 | 1,600,000 | 83,117,075 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (26,062,476) | (1,374,800) | (688,200) | (961,000) | (760,000) | (29,846,476) |
| Balance at 30 June 2023 | \$ 47,050,599 | \$ 1,605,900 | \$ 1,525,500 | \$ 2,248,600 | \$ 840,000 | \$ 53,270,599 |
| Balance at 30 June 2024 | | | | | | |
| Additions (Disposals) | 1,826,658 0 | 37,082 0 | 68,582 0 | 45,909 0 | 0 0 | 1,978,231 0 |
| Depreciation (expense) | (2,787,358) | (145,196) | (83,416) | (142,460) | (21,280) | (3,179,710) |
| Balance at 30 June 2024 | \$ 46,089,899 | \$ 1,497,786 | \$ 1,510,666 | \$ 2,152,049 | \$ 818,720 | \$ 52,069,120 |
| Comprises: | | | | | | |
| Gross balance | 74,939,733 | 3,017,782 | 2,282,282 | 3,255,509 | 1,600,000 | 85,095,306 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (28,849,834) | (1,519,996) | (771,616) | (1,103,460) | (781,280) | (33,026,186) |
| Balance at 30 June 2024 | \$ 46,089,899 | \$ 1,497,786 | \$ 1,510,666 | \$ 2,152,049 | \$ 818,720 | \$ 52,069,120 |

9. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(b) Carrying Amount Measurements

| Asset class | Fair value hierarchy | Valuation technique | Basis of valuation | Date of last valuation | Inputs used |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Fair Value | | | | | |
| Roads | 3 | Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost (gross valuation method) | Management valuation | 2023 | Construction costs and current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments inputs |
| Parks and ovals | 3 | Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost (gross valuation method) | Independent registered valuer | 2023 | Construction costs and current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments inputs |
| Other infrastructure | 3 | Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost (gross valuation method) | Independent registered valuer | 2023 | Construction costs and current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments inputs |
| Airport | 3 | Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost (gross valuation method) | Independent registered valuer | 2023 | Construction costs and current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments inputs |
| Drainage and sewerage | 3 | Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost (gross valuation method) | Independent registered valuer | 2023 | Construction costs and current condition, residual values and remaining useful life assessments inputs |

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used to determine the fair value of infrastructure using level 3 inputs.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

10. FIXED ASSETS

| Depreciation | 2024 Actual | 2024 Budget | 2023 Actual |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Asset class | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Buildings - non-specialised | 220,212 | 171,916 | 170,260 |
| Buildings - specialised | 675,808 | 507,594 | 503,554 |
| Furniture and equipment | 27,211 | 11,180 | 12,541 |
| Plant and equipment | 224,401 | 178,490 | 182,988 |
| Roads | 2,787,358 | 1,946,640 | 1,796,041 |
| Parks and ovals | 145,196 | 110,780 | 118,946 |
| Other infrastructure | 83,416 | 72,630 | 77,882 |
| Airport | 142,460 | 99,200 | 100,862 |
| Drainage and sewerage | 21,280 | 10,170 | 6,784 |
| | 4,327,342 | 3,108,600 | 2,969,858 |

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Depreciation rates

Typical estimated useful lives for the different asset classes for the current and prior years are included in the table below:

| Asset | Years | Asset | Years |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| Roads and streets | | Land* | - |
| Unformed subgrade* | - | Buildings | 25 to 100 |
| Formed subgrade* | - | Furniture and equipment | 02 to 20 |
| Unsealed pavement | 10 to 32 | Plant and equipment | 02 to 20 |
| Sealed pavement | 40 | Parks and ovals | 15 to 80 |
| Seal | 17 | Other infrastructure | 15 to 100 |
| Footpaths - slab | 40 | Airport | 15 to 100 |
| Grids | 80 | Sewerage piping | 70 |
| Kerbing | 40 | Water supply: | |
| Culverts | 30 to 80 | piping systems | 70 |
| Signs | 40 | drainage systems | 70 |
| Floodways | 10 to 30 | | |
| Right of use (buildings) | Based on the remaining lease | | |
| Right of use (plant and equipment) | Based on the remaining lease | | |

Estimated useful lives for the different classes of assets are changed as and when required, usually post a revaluation based on the advice provided by Independent Valuers.

* - Not depreciated

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

10. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Initial recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment or infrastructure that qualifies for recognition as an asset is measured at its cost.

Upon initial recognition, cost is determined as the amount paid (or other consideration given) to acquire the assets, plus costs incidental to the acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Shire includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads. For assets acquired at zero cost or otherwise significantly less than fair value, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition.

Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(5)*. These assets are expensed immediately.

Where multiple individual low value assets are purchased together as part of a larger asset or collectively forming a larger asset exceeding the threshold, the individual assets are recognised as one asset and capitalised.

Individual assets that are land, buildings and infrastructure acquired between scheduled revaluation dates of the asset class in accordance with the Shire's revaluation policy, are recognised at cost and disclosed as being at reportable value.

Measurement after recognition

Plant and equipment including furniture and equipment and right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) are measured using the cost model as required under *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(2)*. Assets held under the cost model are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment

Reportable value

In accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(2)*, the carrying amount of non-financial assets that are land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, investment properties, infrastructure or vested improvements that the local government controls.

Reportable value for the purposes of *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(4)* is the fair value of the asset at its last valuation date minus (to the extent applicable) the accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses in respect of the non-financial asset subsequent to its last valuation date.

Revaluation

Land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, infrastructure or vested improvements that the local government controls and measured at reportable value, are only required to be revalued every five years in accordance with the regulatory framework. This includes buildings and infrastructure items which were pre-existing improvements (i.e. vested improvements) on land vested in the Shire.

Whilst the regulatory framework only requires a revaluation to occur every five years, it also provides for the Shire to revalue earlier if it chooses to do so.

Increases in the carrying amount arising from revaluation of land, buildings and infrastructure are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent increases are then recognised in profit or loss to the extent they reverse a net revaluation decrease previously recognised in profit or loss for the same class of asset.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

10. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period

Impairment

In accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 17A(4C)*, the Shire is not required to comply with AASB136 *Impairment of Assets* to determine the recoverable amount of its non-financial assets that are land or buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, infrastructure or vested improvements that the local government controls in circumstances where there has been an impairment indication of a general decrease in asset

In other circumstances where it has been assessed that one or more these non-financial assets are impaired, the asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses on disposal

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Depreciation on revaluation

When an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways:

- (a) The gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset; or
- (b) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

11. REVALUATION SURPLUS

| | Opening balance | Revaluation increment | Balancing adjustment | Revaluation (decrement) | Total movement | Closing balance |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| (a) 2023/24 Actual | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Land and buildings | 9,644,192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,644,192 |
| Roads | 42,777,566 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42,777,566 |
| Parks and ovals | 498,629 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 498,629 |
| Other infrastructure | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Airport | 1,018,252 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,018,252 |
| Drainage and sewerage | 756,174 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 756,174 |
| | 54,694,813 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54,694,813 |
| (b) 2022/23 Actual | | | | | | |
| Land and buildings | 6,461,177 | 3,183,015 | 0 | 0 | 3,183,015 | 9,644,192 |
| Roads | 31,263,338 | 11,514,231 | (3) | 0 | 11,514,231 | 42,777,566 |
| Parks and ovals | 0 | 498,629 | 0 | 0 | 498,629 | 498,629 |
| Other infrastructure | 11,563 | 0 | 0 | (11,563) | (11,563) | 0 |
| Airport | 972,579 | 45,673 | 0 | 0 | 45,673 | 1,018,252 |
| Drainage and sewerage | 107,259 | 648,915 | 0 | 0 | 648,915 | 756,174 |
| | 38,815,916 | 15,890,463 | (3) | (11,563) | 15,878,900 | 54,694,813 |

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

12. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Current

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-----------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Revenue received in advance | 28,813 | 33,100 |
| Sundry creditors | 469,428 | 1,613,379 |
| Accrued salaries and wages | 54,095 | 29,358 |
| ATO payables | 71,791 | 48,232 |
| Accrued expenses | 24,482 | 39,021 |
| Deposits and bonds | 50,040 | 40,010 |
| | 698,649 | 1,803,100 |

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value when the Shire becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and any consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Revenue received in advance

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer.

Revenue received in advance (Continued)

Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the Shire recognises revenue for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Shire prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Shire becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

13. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS

(a) Borrowings

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Current | 97,873 | 96,154 |
| Non-current | 462,541 | 560,414 |
| | 560,414 | 656,568 |

The Shire of Cue has complied with the financial covenants of its borrowing facilities during the 2023 and 2024 years.

(b) Repayments - Borrowings

| | 2024 | 2024 | 2023 |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Actual | Budget | Actual |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Housing - GROH Housing | | | |
| Principal repayments | 96,154 | 96,150 | 94,465 |
| Interest payments | 10,405 | 12,000 | 12,109 |
| Borrowing costs | 4,107 | 5,000 | 4,765 |
| | 14,512 | 17,000 | 16,874 |
| Principal Outstanding | | | |
| Principal outstanding at 01 Jul | 656,568 | 656,568 | 751,033 |
| Principal repayments | (96,154) | (96,150) | (94,465) |
| Principal outstanding at 30 Jun | 560,414 | 560,418 | 656,568 |

Loan details

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Institution | Western Australian Treasury Corporation |
| Type | Fixed rate annuity |
| Amount of advance | \$980,000 |
| Date of advance | 01 Jul 2019 |
| Maturity date | 01 Jul 2029 |
| Term | 10 years |
| Repayment schedule | Bi-annual |
| Interest rate | 1.78% |

All loan repayments were financed by general purpose revenue.

New Loans

The Shire did not enter into any new loan agreements during the year ended 30 June 2024.

Unspent Borrowings

There were no unspent borrowings at reporting date.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

13. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS (Continued)

(c) Undrawn Borrowing Facilities

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Credit Standby Arrangements | | |
| Bank overdraft limit | 0 | 0 |
| Bank overdraft at balance date | 0 | 0 |
| Credit card limit | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Credit card balance at balance date | (1,757) | (14,354) |
| Total amount of credit in use | 13,243 | 646 |

Loan facilities

| | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Loan facilities - current | 97,873 | 96,154 |
| Loan facilities - non-current | 462,541 | 560,414 |
| Total facilities in use at balance date | 560,414 | 656,568 |

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| Unused loan facilities at balance date | 0 | 0 |
|--|---|---|

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Borrowing costs

The Shire has elected to recognise borrowings costs as an expense when incurred regardless of how the borrowings are applied.

Fair values of borrowings are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest payable on those borrowings is either close to current market rates or the borrowings are of a short term nature. Borrowings fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy (see Note 28) due to the unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

14. PROVISIONS

(a) Employee Related Provisions

| | Provision for annual leave | Provision for long service leave | Total |
|--------------------------------|---|---|----------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at 1 July 2023 | | | |
| Current | 119,508 | 83,038 | 202,546 |
| Non-current | 0 | 44,167 | 44,167 |
| | 119,508 | 127,205 | 246,713 |
| Additional provision | 33,581 | 5,608 | 39,189 |
| Amounts used | (49,114) | 0 | (49,114) |
| Balance at 30 June 2024 | 103,975 | 132,813 | 236,788 |
| Comprises | | | |
| Current | 103,975 | 90,321 | 194,296 |
| Non-current | 0 | 42,492 | 42,492 |
| | 103,975 | 132,813 | 236,788 |

(b) Other Provisions

The Shire had no other provisions at reporting date.

**SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

14. PROVISIONS (Continued)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employee benefits

The Shire's obligations for employees' annual leave, long service leave and other employee leave entitlements are recognised as employee related provisions in the statement of financial position.

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any re-measurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Shire's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Shire does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Shire has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result, and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

15. OTHER LIABILITIES

Capital Grant / Contribution Liabilities

| | 2024 Actual | 2023 Actual |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Current | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2023 | \$ 290,195 | \$ 123,827 |
| Revenue received | 620,143 | 303,483 |
| Revenue expended | (612,151) | (137,115) |
| Balance at 30 June 2024 | 298,187 | 290,195 |

Expected satisfaction of capital grant / contribution liabilities

| | | |
|------------------|---------|---------|
| Less than 1 year | 298,187 | 290,195 |
|------------------|---------|---------|

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Capital grant / contribution liabilities

Capital grant/contribution liabilities represent the Shire's obligations to construct recognisable non-financial assets to identified specifications to be controlled by the Shire which are yet to be satisfied. Capital grant/contribution liabilities are recognised as income when the obligations in the contract are satisfied.

Fair values for non-current capital grant/contribution liabilities, not expected to be extinguished within 12 months, are based on discounted cash flows of expected cashflows to satisfy the obligations using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy (see Note 28) due to the unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

Performance obligations in relation to capital grant / contribution liabilities are satisfied as project milestones are met or completion of construction or acquisition of the asset.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

16. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

| | 2024 Actual | 2024 Budget | 2023 Actual |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents (refer Note 3) | 4,035,837 | 190,069 | 4,044,031 |
| Reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to net result | | | |
| Net result | 810,680 | 9,313,840 | 3,201,337 |
| Non-cash flows in Net result: | | | |
| Adjustments to fair value of financial assets | (421) | 0 | (921) |
| Fair value gain on acquisition of non-financial assets | (5,000) | 0 | (629,697) |
| Loss on revaluation of other infrastructure | 0 | 0 | 96,803 |
| Depreciation | 4,327,342 | 3,108,600 | 2,969,858 |
| (Profit)/loss on sale of asset | 35,370 | (38,000) | (1,745) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | |
| (Increase)/decrease in receivables | (391,335) | 293,835 | (184,606) |
| (Increase)/decrease in inventories | 23,844 | 0 | (28,117) |
| Increase/(decrease) in revenue received in advance | (4,287) | 0 | 11,040 |
| Increase/(decrease) in payables | (1,117,393) | 206,706 | 1,315,861 |
| Increase/(decrease) in provisions | (9,925) | 0 | (32,855) |
| Capital grants, subsidies and contributions | (1,212,931) | (12,625,200) | (1,220,778) |
| Net cash from operating activities | 2,455,944 | 259,781 | 5,496,180 |

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

17. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Shire is not aware of any contingent liabilities at reporting date.

18. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital Expenditure Commitments

Contracted for:

| | 2024 | 2023 |
|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Staff housing units | 0 | 476,512 |
| Footpath construction | 284,853 | 0 |
| Isuzu trucks | 234,707 | 0 |
| Asphalt works on various roads | 0 | 724,467 |
| | 519,560 | 1,200,979 |

Payable:

| | | |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------|
| - not later than one year | 519,560 | 1,200,979 |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------|

(b) Operating Lease Commitments

The Shire did not have any operating lease commitments at reporting date.

19. JOINT VENTURE ARRANGEMENTS

The Shire is not involved in any joint venture arrangements.

20. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

The Shire did not have any investments in associates at reporting date.

21. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Shire did not hold any investment properties at reporting date.

22. COUNCIL MEMBERS REMUNERATION

| | 2024 | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Actual | Budget | Actual |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members | | | |
| President's allowance | 11,328 | 11,360 | 11,160 |
| Deputy President's allowance | 2,832 | 2,850 | 2,793 |
| Meeting Fees | 27,370 | 30,500 | 23,456 |
| Travelling expenses / reimbursements | 6,235 | 15,000 | 6,531 |
| Telecommunications allowance | 22,910 | 24,500 | 24,360 |
| Christmas lights prize | 300 | 0 | 0 |
| | 70,975 | 84,210 | 68,300 |

**SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key Management Personnel (KMP) compensation

The total remuneration paid/payable to KMP of the Shire during the year are as follows:

Short-term employee benefits

Post-employment benefits

Employee - other long-term benefits

Employee - termination benefits

Council Members remuneration (refer Note 22)

| | 2024 Actual | 2023 Actual |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Short-term employee benefits | 503,300 | 467,733 |
| Post-employment benefits | 74,159 | 68,873 |
| Employee - other long-term benefits | 11 | 2,341 |
| Employee - termination benefits | 0 | 0 |
| Council Members remuneration (refer Note 22) | 70,975 | 68,300 |
| | 648,445 | 607,247 |

Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include all salary, fringe benefits and cash bonuses awarded to KMP except for details in respect to fees and benefits paid to elected members which may be found above.

Post-employment benefits

These amounts are the current-year's estimated cost of providing for the Shire's superannuation contributions made during the year.

Other long-term benefits

These amounts represent annual and long service leave benefits accruing during the year.

Termination benefits

These amounts represent termination benefits paid to KMP.

Council member costs

These amounts represent payments of member fees, expenses, allowances and reimbursements during the year.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties and the Shire are on normal commercial terms and conditions, no more favourable than those available to other parties, unless otherwise stated.

No outstanding balances or provisions for doubtful debts or guaranties exist in relation to related parties at year end.

| | 2024 Actual | 2023 Actual |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Sale of goods and services | 0 | 0 |
| Purchase of goods and services: | 9,001 | 18,202 |
| Short term employee benefits - other related parties | 0 | 0 |
| Council Members remuneration (refer Note 22) | 70,975 | 68,300 |
| | <hr/> 79,976 | <hr/> 86,502 |

Joint venture entities:

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| Distributions received from joint venture entities | 0 | 0 |
|--|---|---|

Amounts outstanding from related parties:

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|---|
| Trade and other receivables | 2,288 | 0 |
| Loans to associated entities | 0 | 0 |
| Loans to key management personnel | 0 | 0 |

Amounts payable to related parties:

| | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|
| Trade and other payables | 192 | 0 |
| Loans from associated entities | 0 | 0 |

Related Parties

The Shire's three main related parties are as follows:

Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any elected member, are considered key management personnel and are detailed in Note 22 and 23.

Entities subject to significant influence by the Shire

An entity that has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity, but does not have control over those policies, is an entity which holds significant influence. Significant influence may be gained by share ownership, statute or agreement.

There were no entities requiring disclosure during the current or previous year.

Other related parties

Close family members of key management personnel and for entities controlled or jointly controlled by any of the key management personnel or their close family members.

The Shire purchased retail goods during the current (\$9,193) and prior year (\$18,202) from an entity controlled by a Councillor.

Short-term employee benefits related to an associate person of the CEO who was employed by the Shire under normal employment terms and conditions.

Outside of normal citizen type transactions with the Shire, there were no other related party transactions involving key management personnel and/or their close family members and/or their controlled (or jointly controlled) entities.

24. RATING INFORMATION

| | 2024 Actual | | | 2023 Actual | | |
|---|---------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Rate in \$ | Number of properties # | Rateable value \$ | Total revenue \$ | Total revenue \$ | 2023 Total revenue \$ |
| Differential general rate / general rate | | | | | | |
| Gross rental valuations | | | | | | |
| GRV residential | 0.106180 | 85 | 555,434 | 58,976 | 59,672 | 57,452 |
| GRV commercial | 0.106180 | 7 | 487,440 | 51,756 | 51,756 | 50,249 |
| GRV vacant land | 0.106180 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GRV M & T workforce | 0.159271 | 5 | 598,432 | 95,313 | 95,313 | 92,537 |
| UV mining | 0.258201 | 379 | 9,377,015 | 2,421,155 | 2,421,155 | 2,353,170 |
| UV pastoral | 0.083122 | 13 | 550,580 | 45,765 | 45,765 | 44,429 |
| Sub-total | 489 | 11,568,901 | 2,672,965 | 2,673,661 | 2,597,837 | |
| Minimum payment | | | | | | |
| Gross rental valuations | | | | | | |
| GRV residential | 491 | 52 | 148,085 | 25,532 | 25,532 | 24,804 |
| GRV commercial | 491 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GRV vacant land | 491 | 36 | 5,250 | 17,676 | 17,676 | 17,649 |
| GRV M & T workforce | 491 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| UV mining | 491 | 151 | 147,093 | 74,141 | 74,141 | 67,734 |
| UV pastoral | 491 | 5 | 16,852 | 2,455 | 2,455 | 2,385 |
| Sub-total | 244 | 317,280 | 119,804 | 119,804 | 112,572 | |
| Discounts/incentives | | | | | | |
| Rates written-off | 733 | 11,886,181 | 2,792,769 | 2,793,465 | 2,793,465 | 2,710,409 |
| Total amount raised from general rates | | | | | | |
| Interim and back rates | | | | | | |
| Totals | | | | | | |
| Discounts/incentives | | | | | | |
| Rates written-off | | | | | | |
| Total amount raised from general rates | | | | | | |
| Interim and back rates | | | | | | |
| Totals | | | | | | |

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

25. RECONCILIATION OF SURPLUS OR DEFICIT

(a) Net Current Assets Used in the Statement of Financial Activity

| | Note | 2024 Actual | 2024 Budget | 2023 Actual |
|--|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Current assets | | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3 | 4,035,837 | 190,069 | 4,044,031 |
| Receivables and other assets | 5 | 1,375,695 | 673,304 | 963,249 |
| Inventories | 6 | 38,498 | 62,342 | 62,342 |
| Financial assets | 7 | 11,212,189 | 7,073,396 | 11,769,966 |
| Current liabilities | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 12 | (698,649) | (723,169) | (1,803,100) |
| Borrowings | 13(a) | (97,873) | (96,150) | (96,154) |
| Employee related provisions | 14(a) | (194,296) | (202,546) | (202,546) |
| Other liabilities | 15 | (298,187) | 0 | (290,195) |
| | | 15,373,214 | 6,977,246 | 14,447,593 |
| Total adjustments to net current assets | | | | |
| Reserves - cash backed | 4 | (8,031,879) | (7,073,396) | (7,396,396) |
| Loan liability - current | 13(a) | 97,873 | 96,150 | 96,154 |
| Net funding position at 30 June | | | | 7,147,351 |

(b) Reconciliation of Net Current Assets Carried Forward

In accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 s36(1)(b)* , the following reconciliation provides the difference between the net current assets carried forward of the audited annual report and the amount carried forward for the purpose of the budget.

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Net current assets carried forward from the audited annual report | 7,439,208 |
| Net current assets carried forward for the purpose of the budget | 7,237,380 |
| Difference - Surplus / (Deficit) | 201,828 |

**SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

26. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Shire is not aware of any events occurring after the end of the reporting period.

27. TRUST FUNDS

Funds held at balance date which are required to be held in trust and which are not included in the financial statements are as follows:

| | 01 Jul 23 | Amounts received | Amounts paid | 30 Jun 24 |
|--|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Cue Land Conservation District Committee | 2,082 | 0 | 0 | 2,082 |
| | 2,082 | 0 | 0 | 2,082 |

The Trust account is a no fee no interest account.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

28. OTHER MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

Current and non-current classification

The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Shire's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Shire does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current or non-current based on the Shire's intentions to release for sale.

Rounding off figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar. Amounts are presented in Australian Dollars.

Comparative figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Shire applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements that has a material effect on the statement of financial position, an additional (third) statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial statements is presented.

Budget comparative figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

Superannuation

The Shire contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Shire contributes are defined contribution plans.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

28. OTHER MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fair value of assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that the Shire would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

SHIRE OF CUE
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

28. OTHER MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Valuation techniques

The Shire selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Shire are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of the service capacity of an asset.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Shire gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

Impairment of assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Shire's cash generating non-specialised assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. AASB 116) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

For non-cash generating specialised assets that are measured under the revaluation model, such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, no annual assessment of impairment is required. Rather AASB 116.31 applies and revaluations need only be made with sufficient regulatory to ensure the carrying value does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.



Auditor General

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 2024 Shire of Cue

To the Council of the Shire of Cue

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of the Shire of Cue (Shire) which comprises:

- the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and statement of financial activity for the year then ended
- notes comprising a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the financial report:

- is based on proper accounts and records
- presents fairly, in all material respects, the results of the operations of the Shire for the year ended 30 June 2024 and its financial position at the end of that period
- is in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* (the Act) and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, Australian Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report section below.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is responsible for the preparation and the Council for overseeing the other information. The other information is the information in the entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but not the financial report and my auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I did not receive the other information prior to

the date of this auditor's report. When I do receive it, I will read it and if I conclude that there is a material misstatement in this information, I am required to communicate the matter to the CEO and Council and request them to correct the misstated information. If the misstated information is not corrected, I may need to retract this auditor's report and re-issue an amended report.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer and Council for the financial report

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Shire is responsible for:

- keeping proper accounts and records
- preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the requirements of the Act, the Regulations and Australian Accounting Standards
- managing internal control as required by the CEO to ensure the financial report is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the CEO is responsible for:

- assessing the Shire's ability to continue as a going concern
- disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern
- using the going concern basis of accounting unless the State Government has made decisions affecting the continued existence of the Shire.

The Council is responsible for overseeing the Shire's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by the *Auditor General Act 2006*, my responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report. The objectives of my audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located on the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website. This description forms part of my auditor's report and can be found at https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf.

My independence and quality management relating to the report on the financial report

I have complied with the independence requirements of the *Auditor General Act 2006* and the relevant ethical requirements relating to assurance engagements. In accordance with ASQM 1 Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Reports and Other Financial Information, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements, the Office of the Auditor General maintains a comprehensive system of quality management including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Matters relating to the electronic publication of the audited financial report

This auditor's report relates to the financial report of the Shire of Cue for the year ended 30 June 2024 included in the annual report on the Shire's website. The Shire's management is responsible for the integrity of the Shire's website. This audit does not provide assurance on the integrity of the Shire's website. The auditor's report refers only to the financial report. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the annual report. If users of the financial report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from publication on a website, they are advised to contact the Shire to confirm the information contained in the website version.

Mark Ambrose
Senior Director Financial Audit
Delegate of the Auditor General for Western Australia
Perth, Western Australia
4 December 2024